Dr Anthony Seldon is the Master of Wellington College, historian and author. The article was first published by the Independent (19/04/06) and has been reproduced with permission from Dr Seldon.

Anthony Seldon

Lessons in life: Why I'm teaching happiness

The school has been developing a pioneering programme with Dr Nick Baylis, of the University of Cambridge, and it will be brought into the curriculum in the 2006 academic year as a new element of PSHE lessons.

Helping to produce happy young adults

When they leave the school at 18 is my highest priority as head. I have been saying this for 10 years, but only in the past year have I begun to realise this isn't just an airy-fairy aspiration, but one can in fact learn happiness in classes. Hence my decision, announced recently, (18th April 2006), to teach happiness and positive psychology in timetabled lessons at my new school, Wellington College.

Positive psychology

Last year, I came across Dr Nick Baylis of Cambridge University, who lectures in positive psychology and the science of well-being, and who has just set up the "Well-being Institute" at the university. Then I started hearing about the highly popular and well-publicised courses on happiness at Harvard University, and I realised what might be done. I recognised the duty to do something about it at my school. Hence, the classes that begin later this year, which will be taught by our staff, to be overseen by the team at Cambridge.

Ill-balanced education

I believe that our education in schools is fundamentally ill-balanced. Of course exams matter greatly - they are the passport to an individual's higher education and career. A school which fails to let every child achieve the best grades of which he or her are capable is failing to do its job properly. But education is far more than this, which is why league tables, and the reverence in which they are treated, is so wrong. They say nothing about the wider life of the school, or whether it is turning out resentful and ill-balanced young adults, or whether it is helping to produce young men and women who are happy and who know themselves and what they want to do in life.

Tortured and unhappy pupils

As a teacher, I have seen far too many tortured and unhappy pupils who have achieved four or five A grades at A-level. If they can achieve these grades while leading balanced lives, taking part in a wide variety of activities which will develop different facets of their character, and if they blossom as human beings, then all is well and good. But as any teacher will know, this isn't always the case with high achievers. Neither is it with high achievers in life. These driven people see their lives flash by in fast living and fast cars, and most fail to realise they are missing the point of life. Is it more important to be highly successful, or to be a respected colleague and a valued friend, and a loving parent whose children grow up in a secure and stable environment in which they know they are valued and treasured? I have had to learn the hard way, the answers are obvious.

Hence the need to teach happiness while at school, while individuals are still having their characters and habits formed. It is much harder to acquire good habits later in life.

Lesson content

So in what will the lessons consist? These will not be lessons like history or physics, where it is primarily the intellect involved, and where the acquisition of knowledge is all important. This is about emotional learning and emotional intelligence, and is a far more reflective activity than traditional classes. Pupils will learn about how to form healthy and sustaining relationships. They will gain understanding about the goals they should want to set in life, which should be realistic and appropriate for their own talents and interests. The negative emotions which are an inevitable part of life will be explored; pupils will be able to learn more about what it is that causes them pain and unhappiness, how they might be able to avoid or minimise these emotions and how to deal with them when they do occur. So the essence is that pupils learn more about themselves, which will be information which they will be able to use for the rest of their lives.

Some individuals are born with sunnier dispositions than others. These lessons will be able to help children regardless of their genes. The childhood experience of some is very happy and secure while for others it is fraught and unstable. Again, these classes should be able to help children with both kinds of experience, not the least by learning from each other.

Morals

The lessons will, I believe, be highly moral. The pupils will learn how to look after their bodies well and how not to abuse them. A healthy body is far more likely to lead to a happier mind than which has been abused with bad food, drink, cigarettes and drugs.

Good relationships, which lie at the heart of anyone's happy life, are based on a strong moral code of caring for the other and being loyal. Abusing others, either with words, physically or by inappropriate sexual relations, does not produce happiness but rather the opposite.

True happiness

The pursuit of true happiness is also a deeply spiritual quest: the heart of spirituality is about the transcendence of one's own self and the forming of deeply loving and compassionate relationships with others. Neither do I see these lessons as selfish. Ask any parent. Would they sooner see their children happy and fulfilled, even at the cost of achieving slightly less, or stressed.
out and vexed in the pursuit of ever-higher goals which always seem to be beyond their reach? Happiness I believe lies in knowing one's own limitations, accepting oneself for what one is, and being proud of what one achieves, at whatever level that might be.

**Happiness lessons**

The purpose of these happiness lessons becomes abundantly clear when one considers the lives of students at university. Once there, they will not each day enjoy the presence of loving parents, or caring teachers. They will no doubt have to cope with loneliness, depression and rejection in love. Yet schools send them off ill-prepared to cope with these eventualities, as they also mostly fail short in preparing their leavers to manage money, accommodation and looking after themselves.

**Purpose of schooling**

What is the purpose of schooling if not to prepare its young for higher education and beyond? It is not only at university that schools cover some of the positive psychology curriculum in existing classes. I personally wish to learn from these past 12 years at Wellington College (and a number of other excellent institutions in the educational, health care and commercial sectors yet to be appointed), is not yet at a stage at which I can offer it more widely. It will be many months before I will have materials of this nature.

**Wondrous lives**

However, the core tenets of my Well-being training work are explicitly captured in my recently published hardback book, ‘Learning from wonderful lives: lessons from the study of well-being brought to life by the personal stories of some much admired individuals.’

Wonderful lives thrive even in the face of adversity - and this new field of research reveals how. 50 remarkable individuals bring the science to life as in the book they share with us the lessons they’ve personally learned. Individuals include: Dawn French • Nelson Mandela • Oprah Winfrey • Claire Rayner • Tom Cruise • Céline Dion • Jamie Oliver • Muhammad Ali • Alan Titchmarsh • Betty Boothroyd • Bruce Springsteen • Cathy Freeman • Eileen Collins • Ellen Degeneres • Bill Bryson • Mia Hamm • Madeleine Albright • Eleanor Roosevelt • Steven Spielberg • Kelly Holmes • Joanne K. Rowling

In ‘Wonderful Lives’, for the very first time, I explain some fundamental principles which have shown themselves to be guiding lights for lives that go well. I also describe the everyday skills that can put these principles into practice.

**Key themes**

The chapters explore 4 key themes: Partnering-Up with Good People - passion for life, lasting companionship, and a special sense of rapport. Becoming an Expert in Our Favourite Pursuits - getting really good at something, and performing under pressure.

Helping Mind and Body to Thrive and Flourish - self-motivation, self-control, and tackling stubborn problems

Choosing and Changing our Journeys and Life Directions - career decisions, re-inventing ourselves, and making real progress

I wrote ‘Learning from wonderful lives’ as a companion for anyone in the teaching and healing professions, as well as for every individual of 15 or over, where ever we might find ourselves: in full-time study or the working world, raising a family or taking retirement, team-leaders, home-makers or business-world mentors.

It’s not an academic book, but it is based on all the best science I’ve been privileged to learn from these past 12 years at Cambridge while investigating how we can help lives to thrive and flourish.

‘Learning from wonderful lives’ ISBN: 0-9550503-0-8 is not available through bookshops nor Amazon and is sold and distributed by CounterCultureBooks via the webpage www.nicksbook.com

Dr Nick Baylis is Co-director of the newly created Well-being Institute, University of Cambridge, a Cambridge University Lecturer in Positive Psychology & the Science of Well-Being, a corporate consultant & trainer and a one-to-one coach & therapist. For further details visit www.NickBaylis.com

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**The Well-Being Skills Development Course**

The Well-Being Skills Development Course that I will specifically be designing and teaching to a team of staff at Wellington College (and a number of other excellent institutions in the educational, health care and commercial sectors yet to be appointed), is not yet at a stage at which I can offer it more widely. It will be many months before I will have materials of this nature.

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**Similar conclusions**

Studies as diverse as those from the Cabinet Office, the Melbourne Institute of Applied Economic and Social Research and Harvard University point to similar conclusions, that money, fame and worldly success do not necessarily lead to happy and fulfilled lives.

Despite the large increases in income in Britain over the past 30 years, studies show the levels of satisfaction have not increased commensurately. Research further shows that focusing on materialistic pursuits often diminishes personal well-being. Yet governments, for reasons to do with their own re-election, try to convince us that life is getting better for all because of economic growth, just as they try to convince us that schools are getting better because exam results are improving. If they are re-elected, it makes them happy. But does it make the nation happier?

**Greater understanding**

Schools cover some of the positive psychology curriculum in existing classes. Most of us have had to cope in our lives with professional difficulties arise. Most of us have had to cope in our lives with professional difficulties arise. Most of us have beyond? It is not only at university that it makes them happy. But does it make the nation happier?

But the focus is on the acquisition of knowledge, about the effects of drugs, sexually transmitted diseases and so on, rather than on encouraging the pupils to reflect on their own lives and learn to understand themselves and their relationships better.

I would like to see all schools within five years begin to teach positive psychology and happiness. The Well-being Institute is becoming involved with advising the health service and businesses about the subject. Valuable though this will be, I believe it is almost too late to teach, and it is much better to put the whole subject over to individuals when they are still at school. Governments will not be able to boast of quantifiable improvements, and schools won’t be able to show off any tangible benefits for league tables (although I would say that happy children are more likely to do their best in exams).

But I do believe that by taking the subject seriously, schools will not only be doing a much better job morally for their pupils, but they will also help produce young men and women who will help to build a far better society than their parents did. This is a real challenge and it is one to which I believe all schools should rise.
What keeps us healthy and happy as we go through life? If you were going to invest now in your future best self, where would you put your time and your energy? There was a recent survey of millennials asking them what their most important life goals were, and over 80 percent said that a major life goal for them was to get rich. And another 50 percent of those same young adults said that another major life goal was to become famous. (Laughter). We forget vast amounts of what happens to us in life, and sometimes memory is downright creative. But what if we could watch entire lives as they unfold through time? Many of the inner city Boston men ask us, "Why do you keep wanting to study me? My life just isn't that interesting." The Harvard men never ask that question. Essential Lessons about happiness. Æ©œBeing happy is something that each of us determines, it is not something that we find outside of ourself, it is within us and our choice. Æ©œ Catherine Pulsifer. How to protect your happiness: Æ©œI don't think I can do this anymore,â€ I cried. Æ©œI'm just not happy.â€ He held me, as I began to list all the reasons why I was unhappy. There were personal, professional, and environmental reasons.â€ My obsession with â€œHappy â€œ led me to create a happiness standard that was unreasonable & out of touch with my reality. Studies show that â€œpeople who highly value happiness set happiness standards that are difficult to obtain, leading them to feel disappointed about how they feel, paradoxically decreasing their happiness the more they want it.â€ What do â€œhappiness lessonsâ€™ look like? Because thereâ€™s no compulsory basis for happiness education in schools, thereâ€™s no formal guidance on how it should be delivered. However, there are plenty of resources that schools can use. paws.b, for example, includes PowerPoint presentations, videos, short meditations, discussion and homework tasks that teach children to use the skills theyâ€™ve learnt in every area of life. â€œI'm finding your site an absolutely fantastic resource alongside the stuff being sent from my son's school. We love being able to keep track of his progress on his Learning Journey checklist!" - Claire, Kent. Hence the need to teach happiness while at school, while individuals are still having their characters and habits formed. It is much harder to acquire good habits later in life. The purpose of these happiness lessons becomes abundantly clear when one considers the lives of students at university. Once there, they will not each day enjoy the presence of loving parents, or caring teachers. They will no doubt have to cope with loneliness, depression and rejection in love. Life is hard, but if you learn these lessons earlier it may be less of a suffering. Here're 10 important life lessons you need to learn early on in life that will make a difference in your life.Â Royale Scuderi. A creative strategist, consultant and writer who specializes in cultivating human potential for happiness, health and fulfillment. Read full profile. Share.